

Erratum

Erratum to: *Ci-opsin1*, a vertebrate-type opsin gene, expressed in the larval ocellus of the ascidian *Ciona intestinalis*¹ (FEBS 25275)[FEBS Letters 506 (2001) 69–72][☆]Takehiro Kusakabe^{a,2}, Rie Kusakabe^{a,2}, Isao Kawakami^a, Yutaka Satou^b, Nori Satoh^b,
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In the original publication, an unfortunate error occurred. Fig. 3 was printed in black/white instead of in color. The correct version of the figure is reprinted below.

The publishers would like to apologize for any inconvenience caused.

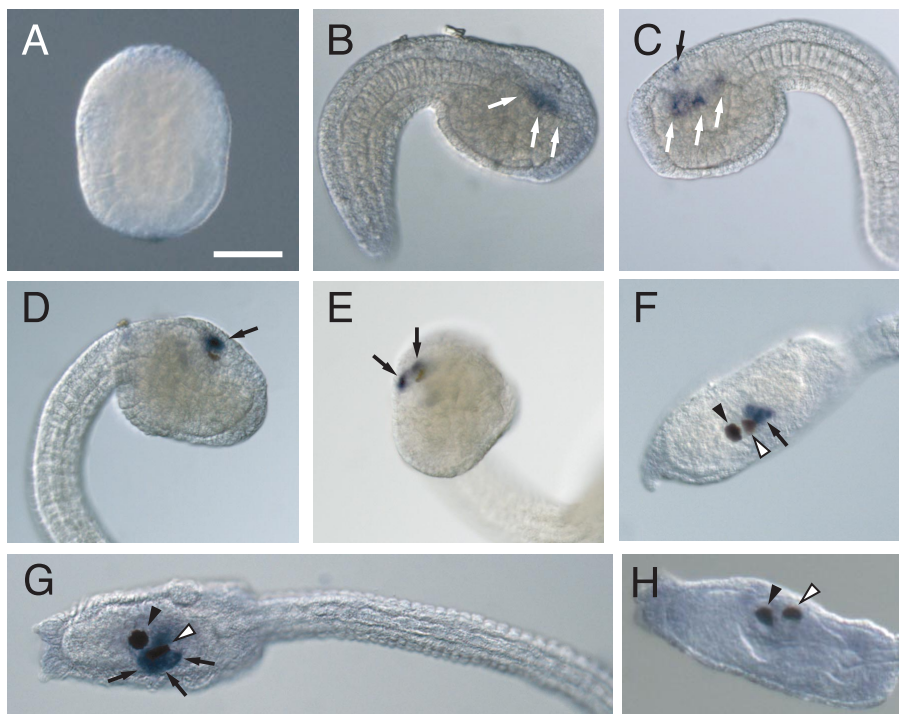


Fig. 3. Expression of *Ci-opsin1* in *Ciona intestinalis* embryos and larvae. *Ci-opsin1* mRNA was detected by whole-mount in situ hybridization using a digoxigenin-labeled RNA (A–F) or DNA (G) probe. A: A neurula. B and C: Mid tailbud embryos showing *Ci-opsin1* expression in the ventral part (white arrows) and dorsal part (black arrow) of the brain. D and E: Late tailbud embryos. *Ci-opsin1*-expressing cells (black arrows) form two clusters sitting dorsal to the pigment cell. F–H: Hatched larvae. White arrowheads indicate the pigment cup cell of the ocellus and black arrowheads indicate the pigment cell of the otolith (gravity sense organ). *Ci-opsin1* expression is restricted to the photoreceptor cells (black arrows in F and G) of the ocellus. H: A control embryo hybridized with an unrelated probe (*C. intestinalis* EST clone #00754 [7]) showing no hybridization signals in the photoreceptor cells. Scale bar, 50 μ m.

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¹ The nucleotide sequence reported in this paper has been submitted to DDBJ/GenBank/EMBL nucleotide databases under the accession number AB058682.

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